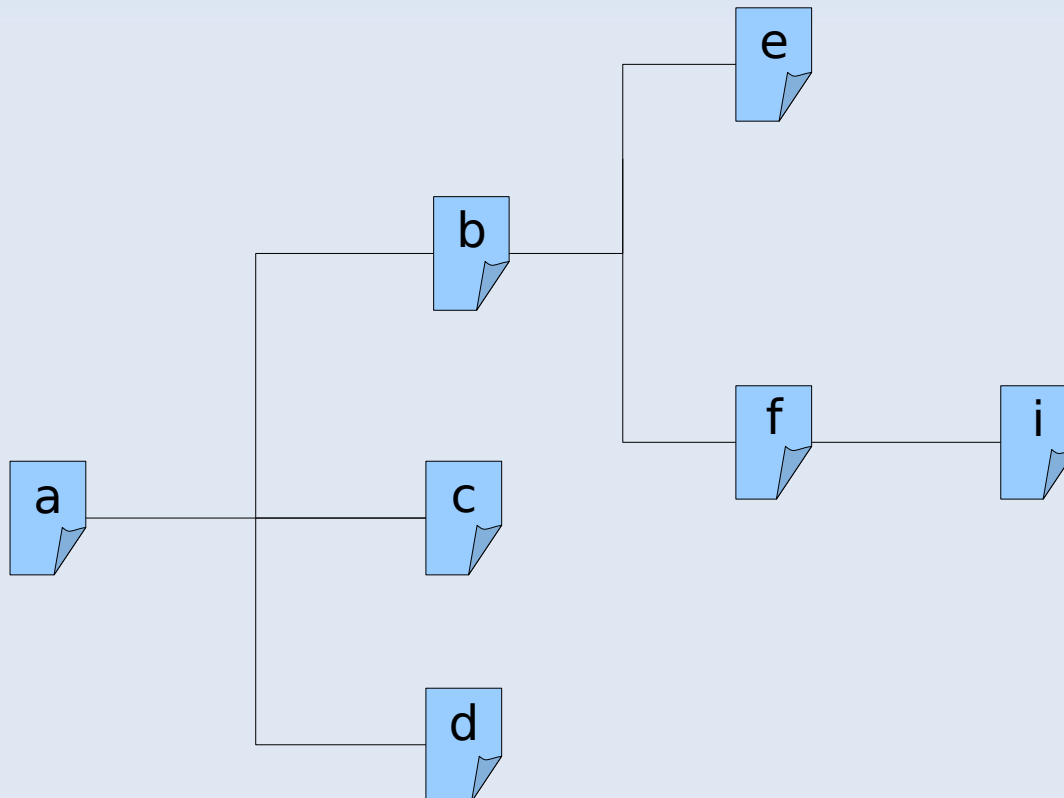


Esercizio1

- costruire il seguente albero di cartelle:
(per es. a partire dal Desktop)

mkdir ←

crea directory



```
panetta@gargoyle:~$ pwd
/home/panetta
panetta@gargoyle:~$ ls
Desktop Examples
panetta@gargoyle:~$ cd Desktop
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ ls
umlgettingstart.doc
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ mkdir a
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ ls -al
drwxr-xr-x  4 panetta panetta 4096 2007-04-18 11:37 .
drwxr-xr-x 29 panetta panetta 4096 2007-04-18 11:37 ..
drwxr-xr-x  5 panetta panetta 4096 2007-04-18 11:42 a
drwxr-xr-x  5 panetta panetta 4096 2007-04-18 11:42 .hiddenfile
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ mkdir a/b
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ cd a
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ mkdir c
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ cd c
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a/c$ ls
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a/c$ mkdir ../d
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a/c$ cd ..
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ ls
b c d
```

dove sono?

elenca contenuto

cambia directory

```
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ mkdir b/e
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ mkdir b/f
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ mkdir b/f/i
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop/a$ cd ..
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ ls -R a
```

a:

b c d

a/b:

e f

a/b/e:

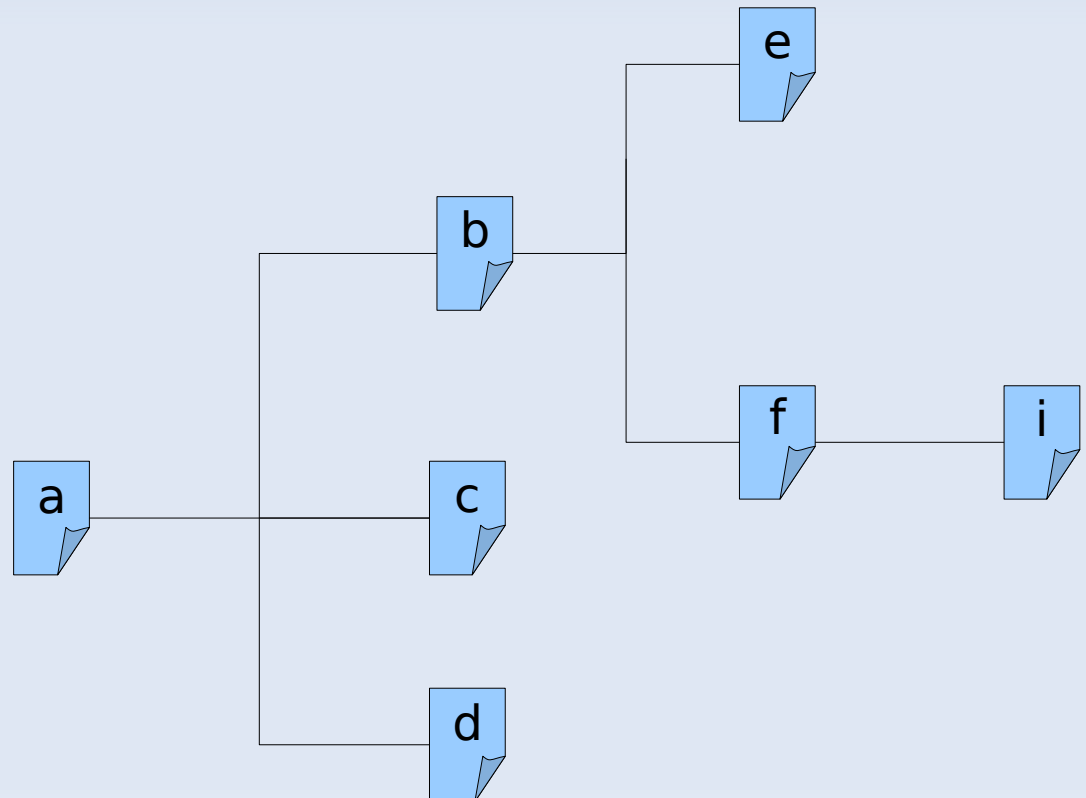
a/b/f:

i

a/b/f/i:

a/c:

a/d:



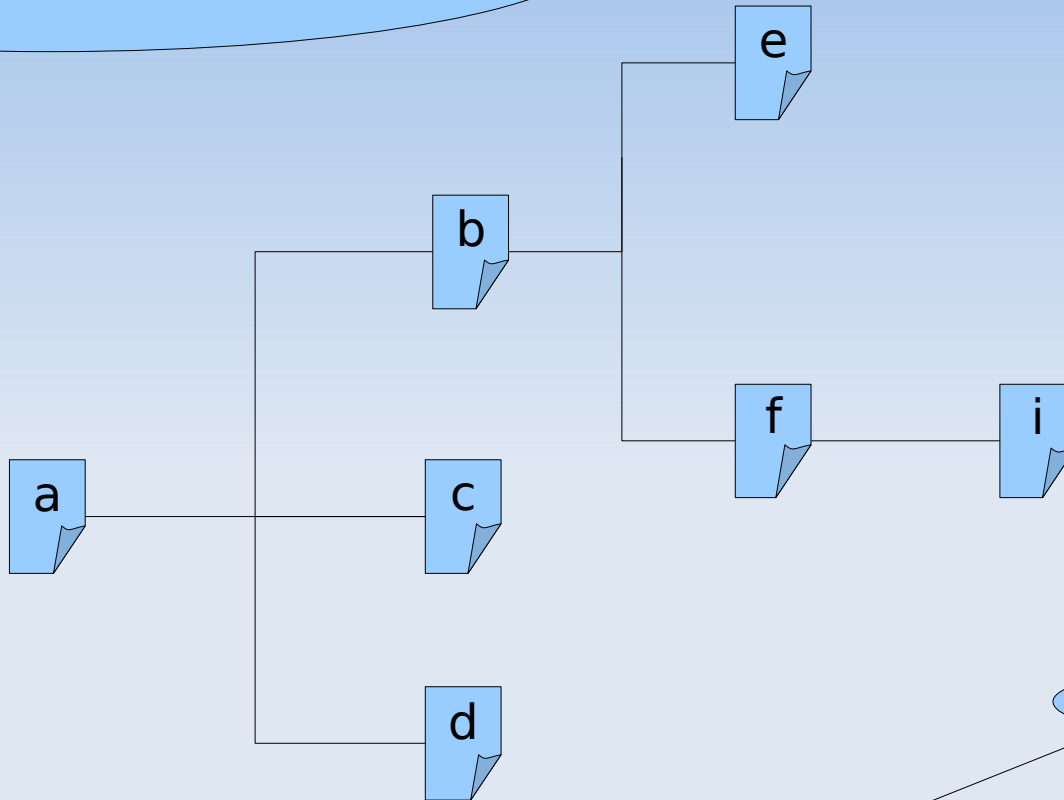
aggiorna la data di creazione di un file,
se il file non esiste lo crea

touch file1.txt
touch file2.txt

touch file3.tmt
touch xfile.txt

touch doc1.doc
touch doc2.doc
touch doc3.doc
touch xdoc.doc

touch b/f/i/index1.html



copia

cp file1.txt copiafile1.txt

cp file1.txt copiafile1.txt b

sposta/rinomina file

mv b/f/i/index1.html b/f/i/home.html

mv b/f/i/home.html b/f

panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop\$ **ls -R a**

a:

b c copiafile1.txt d doc1.doc
doc2.doc doc3.doc file1.txt file2.txt
file3.tmt xdoc.doc xfile.txt

a/b:

copiafile1.txt e f file1.txt

a/b/e:

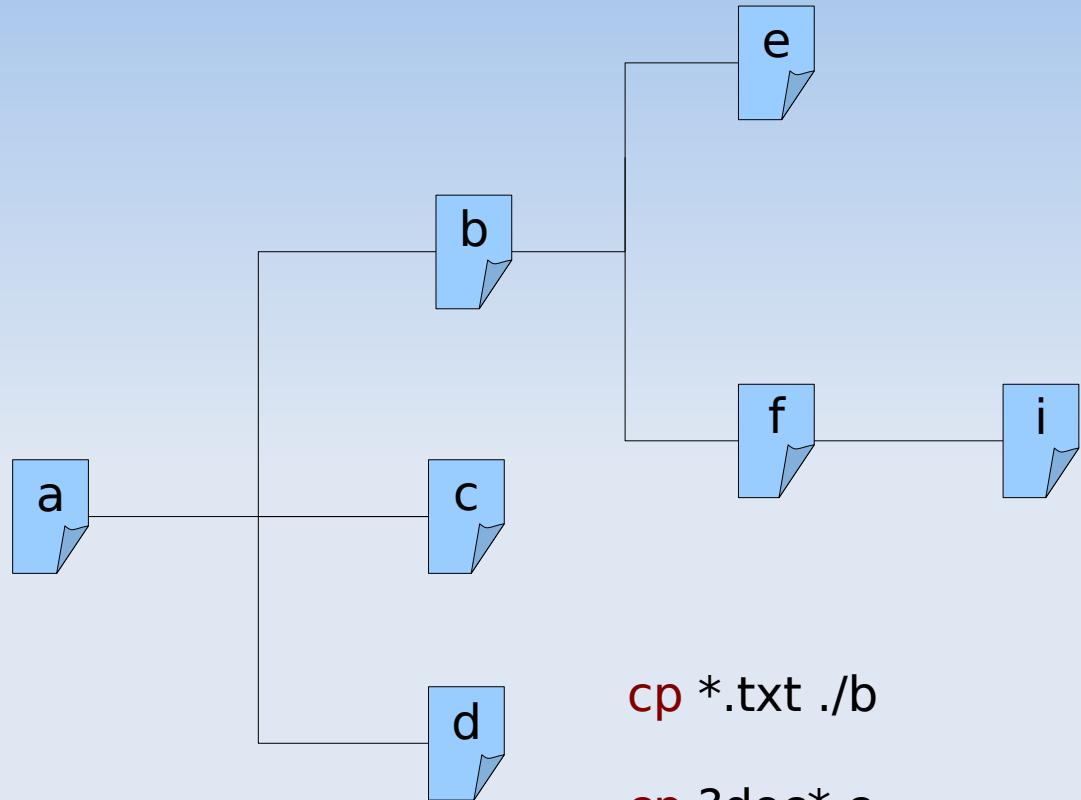
a/b/f:

home.html i

a/b/f/i:

a/c:

a/d:



cp *.txt ./b

cp ?doc* c

cp [!x]* d

cp [fd]* b/e

mv b/e/[f]* b/f

```
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ ls -R a
```

```
a:
```

```
b c copiafile1.txt d doc1.doc  
doc2.doc doc3.doc file1.txt file2.txt  
file3.tmt xdoc.doc xfile.txt
```

```
a/b:
```

```
copiafile1.txt e f file1.txt
```

```
a/b/e:
```

```
a/b/f:
```

```
home.html i
```

```
a/b/f/i:
```

```
a/c:
```

```
a/d:
```

```
panetta@gargoyle:~/Desktop$ ls -R a
```

```
a:
```

```
b c copiafile1.txt d doc1.doc doc2.doc  
doc3.doc file1.txt file2.txt file3.tmt  
xdoc.doc xfile.txt
```

```
a/b:
```

```
copiafile1.txt e f file1.txt file2.txt xfile.txt
```

```
a/b/e:
```

```
doc1.doc doc2.doc doc3.doc
```

```
a/b/f:
```

```
file1.txt file2.txt file3.tmt home.html i
```

```
a/b/f/i:
```

```
a/c:
```

```
xdoc.doc
```

```
a/d:
```

```
copiafile1.txt doc1.doc doc2.doc  
doc3.doc file1.txt file2.txt file3.tmt
```

wget www.google.it ←

download file

12:27:58 (1.04 MB/s) - "index.html" salvato [3070]

wget --no-check-certificate www.mat.unical.it/informatica

12:32:50 (72.39 KB/s) - "informatica" salvato [13383]

less index.html ←

mostra contenuto

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
```

```
<meta name="robots" content="index, follow">
```

```
...
```

file informatica ←

analizza file

informatica: HTML document text

Nota come l'opzione -r consente
di rimuovere anche directory

rimuove file

`rm -r b/f`

`rmdir ../a/b/../d`

rimuove directory

