

Propositional Logic Sequent Calculus

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- 1 Intuition
- 2 The LK system
- 3 Derivation
- 4 Summary
- 5 Exercises

Idea

Define **inference rules** for sequents

$$\Gamma \vdash \Delta$$

where Γ and Δ are sequences of formulas

Intuition $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ is the syntactic counterpart of $\Gamma \models \bigvee \Delta$

Goal 1 $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ holds if $\Gamma \models \bigvee \Delta$ (**completeness**)

Goal 2 $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ implies $\Gamma \models \bigvee \Delta$ (**soundness**)

Notation

$$\frac{S_1}{S} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{S_1 \quad S_2}{S}$$

From sequents S_1 (and S_2) conclude sequent S .

System considered here: **LK**, defined by Gerhard Gentzen

Axioms

$$\frac{}{A \vdash A} (ax)$$

What are A and B ?
What $\Gamma, \Gamma', \Delta, \Delta'$?

Structural rules

permutation $\frac{\Gamma, A, B, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, B, A, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta} (p.l)$ $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A, B, \Delta'}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, B, A, \Delta'} (p.r)$

contraction $\frac{\Gamma, A, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} (c.l)$ $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A, A}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A} (c.r)$

weakening $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} (w.l)$ $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A} (w.r)$

cut $\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} (cut)$

Logical rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash \Delta} (\wedge l.1)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \wedge B} (\wedge r)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash \Delta} (\wedge l.2)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vee B \vdash \Delta} (\vee l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \vee B} (\vee r.1)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \vee B} (\vee r.2)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma, \neg A \vdash \Delta} (\neg l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, \neg A} (\neg r)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash \Delta} (\rightarrow l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \rightarrow B} (\rightarrow r)$$

- Use these inference rules consecutively

Example

$$\frac{\overline{A \vdash A} \text{ (ax)}}{\vdash A, \neg A} \text{ (\neg r)}$$

- If on top there are only axioms then it is a derivation of the bottom sequent

Theorem

Sequent Calculus is **sound** and **complete**, i.e.,
if we can derive $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$ then $\Gamma \models \bigvee \Delta$, and
if $\Gamma \models \bigvee \Delta$ then there is a derivation for $\Gamma \vdash \Delta$.

LK — Summary

$$\frac{}{A \vdash A} (ax) \quad \frac{\Gamma, A, B, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, B, A, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta} (p.l) \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A, B, \Delta'}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, B, A, \Delta'} (p.r) \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} (w.l) \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A} (w.r)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta} (c.l) \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A, A}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A} (c.r) \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma', A \vdash \Delta'}{\Gamma, \Gamma' \vdash \Delta, \Delta'} (cut)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash \Delta} (\wedge.l.1)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \wedge B} (\wedge.r)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash \Delta} (\wedge.l.2)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \vee B \vdash \Delta} (\vee.l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \vee B} (\vee.r.1)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \vee B} (\vee.r.2)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A}{\Gamma, \neg A \vdash \Delta} (\neg.l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, \neg A} (\neg.r)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \quad \Gamma, B \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash \Delta} (\rightarrow.l)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash \Delta, B}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta, A \rightarrow B} (\rightarrow.r)$$

Example

Do the following entailments hold?

1 $(A \vee \neg B) \wedge B, \neg A \models \perp$

2 $A \wedge C, \neg A \vee B \models \perp$

(On the blackboard.)

(From *Logic for Computer Science: Foundations of Automatic Theorem Proving*)

Give proof trees for the following tautologies:

1 $A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$

2 $(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow C))$

3 $A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A \wedge B)$

4 $A \rightarrow A \vee B$

5 $B \rightarrow A \vee B$

6 $(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow \neg B) \rightarrow \neg A)$

7 $A \wedge B \rightarrow A$

8 $A \wedge B \rightarrow B$

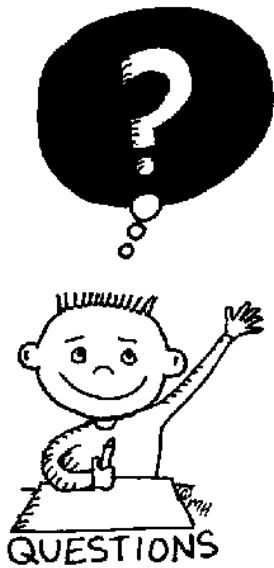
9 $(A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow ((B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow (A \vee B \rightarrow C))$

10 $\neg\neg A \rightarrow A$

(From *Logic for Computer Science: Foundations of Automatic Theorem Proving*)

Give proof trees for the following equivalences:

- 1 $(A \vee B) \vee C \equiv A \vee (B \vee C)$ (associativity)
- 2 $(A \wedge B) \wedge C \equiv A \wedge (B \wedge C)$ (associativity)
- 3 $A \vee B \equiv B \vee A$ (commutativity)
- 4 $A \wedge B \equiv B \wedge A$ (commutativity)
- 5 $A \vee (B \wedge C) \equiv (A \vee B) \wedge (A \vee C)$ (distributivity)
- 6 $A \wedge (B \vee C) \equiv (A \wedge B) \vee (A \wedge C)$ (distributivity)
- 7 $\neg(A \vee B) \equiv \neg A \wedge \neg B$ (De Morgan)
- 8 $\neg(A \wedge B) \equiv \neg A \vee \neg B$ (De Morgan)
- 9 $A \vee A \equiv A$ (idempotency)
- 10 $A \wedge A \equiv A$ (idempotency)
- 11 $\neg\neg A \equiv A$ (double negation)
- 12 $(A \vee B) \wedge (\neg A \vee C) \equiv (A \vee B) \wedge (\neg A \vee C) \wedge (B \vee C)$ (resolution)



END OF THE
LECTURE